

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Route Agent Naylor has again placed us under obligations for late Louisville papers.

Zouaves.—We are requested to announce that there will be a meeting of the returned Zouaves, at the Central Engine House, this evening, at early gas lighting. Every Zouave is earnestly requested to be present.

Gus Arnold has handed us one of Smith's Topographical Maps of the Virginia Seat of War. It is by far the most accurate and detailed map we have seen. The marginal map of Manassas Junction and its environs convey quite a correct idea of the locality of the recent battle.

Condition of Capt. Miller.—The Lafayette Journal of the 7th says, "the following dispatch was received by us yesterday afternoon:

BEVERLY, Aug. 6, 1861.
To J. P. Lusk.—Dr. Miller says Miller will recover, but I doubt it.

The energy that has been inspired by the presence of Gen. Fremont in Missouri, among all the officers and troops under his command, is daily inspiring stronger and stronger hopes in the hearts of the friends of the Government. The presence of General McClellan at Washington is exercising a like good result on the Potomac.

A Pack of Cards Save a Life.—Another man (of the Connecticut First) had a Bible in one pocket and a pack of cards in the other. A ball struck the cards, and when half way through it "bumped" at the sight of an ace somewhere, thereby probably saving his life.—*New Haven Palladium, July 29.*

Lucky for him that the ball stopped to give the holder of the cards would have had to "throw up his hand."

Promoted.—The Clark County Democrat states that John S. Simonson has been promoted to the rank of Colonel in the regular army. Col. Simonson has gone to Decatur, Ill., to muster two regiments of volunteers into the service, after which he is instructed to report himself to Gen. Fremont.

Col. Simonson served, with gallantry and won distinction as Captain of Mounted Rifle men, in Mexico, and was, we believe, brevetted Major at the close of the war. He is worthy and well qualified.

Rain.—Our city and vicinity were visited yesterday with a rain, such as was scarcely ever experienced in consequence, though of rather short duration. The gutters were flooded, and even the side walks overflowed. Several of the foot bridges at the street crossings were moved from their positions, and one or two of them washed far down the street. It was a dashing, cheering, blessed rain, and will serve to cheer the earth and cool the atmosphere. The prayers of the people are answered.

We have, for the last week or two, been receiving complaints that our Daily does not reach our subscribers and patrons at Sullivan and Merom promptly. We send the Daily by early train every morning, and the Merom packages by mail every morning. There should be no difficulty about either place being served. We hope the Postmaster at Sullivan will look into the matter of the Merom mail. We will try to arrange it so there shall be no further cause of complaint.

Good Doctrine.—We are informed by one who was present that Ralph Wilson, Esq., made a bold and noble Union speech, in Lost Creek Township, on Wednesday. He is not in favor of making bargains with traitors and thieves. He said some were talking of compromise. The only compromise he believed in was that of the Zouaves. "Charge Bayonets," Mr. Wilson acted with the Democrats last fall, and clings to the honest portion of them yet. He has but little respect for the party hacks who are seeking the destruction of their country and their own infamy.

War Items.—The Indianapolis Journal of yesterday says:—The Bellefontaine Railroad yesterday brought to this city six huge Columbiads made at the Government foundry in Pittsburg. They are of 9 inch bore and are calculated for balls of 90 lbs. weight. Their length is 11 feet from muzzle to touch hole. These huge guns are intended for Western fortifications, or for the gun boat batteries on the Mississippi, and are assigned to Gen. Fremont at St. Louis. Three platform cars were required to carry the six guns.

Election of Captain.—Charles W. Lyman was on Wednesday, elected Captain of company B, 11th Regiment, by the unanimous vote of the company, for three years.

A naval vessel was captured at Rich Mountain from Lieut. Watkins, late of the United States Navy. It was sent to the Governor as a trophy, at whose office it may be seen.

The second battery of James' rifle company, purchased some time since by Governor Morton, has arrived at Indianapolis. The guns now in possession of the State will be given to the artillery companies now organizing.

The Cincinnati Reporter says that Hon. James C. Venable has been appointed Colonel of the regiment at Camp Vanderburgh. The Reporter is premature in its announcement, but states what will probably be a fact.

Sixth Regiment.—Colonel Crittenden has ordered the Captains of this regiment to report their companies to him within ten days. The 5th will be speedily re-organized, and in the campaign under General Fremont or McClellan, will prove its loyalty and more than its former well known efficiency.—*Madison Courier.*

Artillery.—An. for Gen. Fremont.—A day or two since thirty seven cars, divided in two trains, passed over the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad loaded with cannon and ammunition for Gen. Fremont. The guns were 32 and 64 pounder Columbiads. The contents of the trains were consigned to Gen. F. at St. Louis. The rebels in Missouri, Arkansas and Tennessee will soon feel the weight of this ordnance.

There were only one hundred and fifty applications for surgeons' positions made to the Government last week. Some of them were in letters of sufficient length to require a full hour to read them.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Gov. Morton says the words and actions of this State are watched by vigilant men.—*Journal.*

The father of lies, certainly has some children in Terre Haute, he is training to join the pale horse of the south. They are not free men, but slaves, doing the dirty work of their masters, the arch traitors of the southern conspiracy. The Journal knows very well that freemen are never watched. Freemen never engage in a rebellion. Slaves need watch, lest they engage in insurrection, and it was that class only, the Governor referred to as being watched by the vigilant freemen of Indiana.

GEN. McCLELLAN'S BODY GUARD.—The Washington Star states that the Sturges Rifle Corps, which has acted as body guard to Gen. McClellan through the campaign of Western Virginia, have reached Washington.

These number about one hundred men, armed with Sharp's breech-loading rifles and sabre bayonets, they were enrolled in Chicago for the war. They are named after Solomon Sturges, a wealthy banker in Chicago, who donated the whole of the outfit to the company, at a cost of \$20,000. Their tents are of the Crimean pattern, and are the best in use.

The officers' tent is used by Gen. McClellan, and around him at all times are the Chicago boys. They all love the General, and there is not a man who would not die at any time to save him from harm. The uniforms are the newest we have seen.—*One* is dark grey, and one cadoury for fatigue. They are accompanied by the champion drummer who accompanied Ellsworth's Zouaves on their tour over the United States.

REBEL WEAKNESS.—The Charleston Mercury of the 25th ult., says that Washington has slipped through the fingers of the rebels merely for want of an adequate number of troops. It says:

"So weak have we been on the Potomac that until recently it was deemed almost criminal to tell to the people of the South, because the knowledge of the truth transmitted to the North might have exposed our forces to annihilation from the overwhelming force about Washington."

It anticipates another battle immediately of greater magnitude, and calls upon the rebel States to gird up their loins for the renewal of the conflict.

PHOENIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN.—MORRIS, McCLELLAN & CRANE have been appointed Agents of this well known and popular Insurance Company, vice Capt. J. B. H. Adams, gone to the war. The "Phoenix" stands second to no Insurance Corporation in the Union, for wealth, promptness and liberality in adjusting and paying its losses.

At Erie.—There will be a Pic Nic held at A. Erie, near Sapi Out Station in Outer Creek Township, on Saturday August 10th, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. Citizens generally are invited.

Union speeches will be made by Messrs. Charles C. P. Baird, A. R. Crane, W. E. McClellan, Chas. E. Hoof and others.

ATTORNEYS.

MACK & PIERCE,
Attorneys at Law,
TERRE-HAUTE, IND.

T. J. FORREST,
Attorney at Law,
OFFICE,
No. 25 Walnut-st., between 3d and 4th, South Side, Terre-Haute, Ind.

DENTISTS.

S. B. SMITH,
DENTIST,
BUCKNER TO H. A. B. SMITH,
TERRE-HAUTE, IND.
OFFICE—Ohio Street, between Third and Fourth.

C. O. LINCOLN,
DENTIST,
OFFICE—101 Walnut Street, Over Bartlett's Book Store.

GRAIN AND FEED.

GYMNASIUM BUILDING!

FLOUR AND FEED STORE!

HAYING bought and refitted the above building, we are now prepared to furnish the citizens of Terre-Haute, with a No. 1 article of

FAMILY FLOUR,
MEAL,
BRAN,
SHORTS,
SHIPSTUFF,
OATS,
COB,
BALED HAY, &c., &c.

At prices to suit the times. Sales of one dollar, and upwards, delivered free of charge. Payment required before delivery.

Business and delivered with flour on the most reasonable terms. Having had years of experience in the milling and feed business, we expect to make our house one of general utility to the city.

CLARK & LOCKHART,
Gymnasium Building, corner Ohio and 5th sts. July 3, 4th.

FURNITURE.

PARLOR AND CHAMBER

FURNITURE

VERY LOW FOR CASH.

Illinois Money Taken at 15 per cent Discount!

J. C. WALTER.

182 MAIN STREET.

MILLINERY GOODS.

RECEIVED THIS DAY BY EXPRESS FROM N. Y.

MISSES & CHILDREN'S HATS, RIBBONS, &c.

ZILLEAU PATERN BONNET!

The No. 100 Hats, Alty, Chase and Elegant!

MRS. WALTER,

115 Main Street, between Fifth and Sixth.

UNDERTAKER.

J. C. WALTER,

142 Main Street, between Fifth and Sixth.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

DISPATCHES BY THE WESTERN UNION LINE.

Noon Dispatches.

Telegraphic Communication Established Along the Potomac—No

Chance for the Rebels Crossing the

Upper Potomac—Rebel Outrages at

Centerville—Impressing men—Col.

Haskill Fortifying Round Top Hill

—A Regiment of Kentucky Cavalry

—Gen. Wise's Army—Seven Gun

Boats to be Built at St. Louis or

Cairo—Movements of the Rebels on

the South Side.

THEIR CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, AUGUST 7.—Telegraphic communication up and down the River from Gen. McClellan's headquarters, is established. Gen. McClellan has a force amply sufficient to stop any attempt by the enemy to cross and cut a road from their camp to the river, we doubt whether such be their intention. There is no danger but that intelligence of any movements on the upper Potomac will be speedily received, as the chain of pickets to Harper's Ferry is unbroken.

THEIR DISPATCH.

Since our troops retreated from Centerville the rebels have been perpetrating the greatest outrages in that vicinity. Women are subjected to shameful insults and indignities, and every male who hesitates to join the rebel forces has been seized and sent to Manassas or Richmond, not excepting the aged and infirm. Numbers of the fugitives who retreated with our army are now in this city.

THE INDIAN 17th and Ohio 8th, Col. Haskill,

is building a fort on Round Top Hill, a part of Savage Mountain which commands the Turnpike, a great pass through the Alleghenies from Grafton to Romney.

The Secretary of a regiment of cavalry from Kentucky is in his service.

WISCONSIN DISPATCH.

Chas. Wilson has just reached here, via Northwestern Virginia, from Richmond. He passed Wise's command on the way to Wheeling. He says that at least 1,000 Union men are impressed in his service.

Jas D. Kade, of St. Louis, has been awarded the contract for building seven gun boats, to be delivered at Cairo, on the 5th of October, at \$2,500 each. He is to forfeit \$200 for every day over the time in which he agrees to deliver them.

It has been rumored during the day that the rebels were closer upon our lines than they have been since the occupation of Alexandria, but according to the latest and most reliable reports, this is a baseless rumor. Quite a large number of rebels are believed to be encamped seven miles from the city, on the left of the Chain Bridge. That they contemplate any movement in the direction of the Potomac, is not for a moment believed.

Some Federal officers who reconnoitered yesterday in the vicinity of Great Falls, ascended a hill from whence they are said to have seen a considerable body of troops, some thousand at least, encamped on the Virginia side, supposed to be a part of Johnson's command. These latter seemed to be about two miles from the river and about a mile and a quarter above Great Falls, exactly opposite an alleged fording place. The ford, which is impassable for wagons or artillery, has to be approached from the Virginia side through a narrow defile cut through the hills at that point, and the ford itself is by no means wide. It was noticed also that a man seemed to be at work felling trees between the troops and the river.

A private letter from Culpeper Court House states that there are twelve hundred rebel troops in that place. It adds that every man in that county has been impressed into the rebel service.

The War in Missouri—Further from the Battle of Dog Springs—Another Meeting and Another Retreat of the Rebels—Gen. Lyon Retires to Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 5.—Our advices from Gen. Lyon's army are to Sunday. The cavalry charge hereafter reported was made by a scouting party sent out to ascertain if the enemy were approaching, after our troops had camped for the night at Dog Springs. Seeing a regiment of infantry foraging along the road, the Missouri Cavalry ordered a charge, which resulted in killing thirty and wounding thirty.

The charge was not intended by Lyon, and probably prevented the rebels from striking his main body, which, had they done, they would unquestionably have been routed with severe loss.

A large body of the enemy's cavalry which had taken position on high ground, and from their position and strength, was dispersed by a few shells from Capt. Patten's battery, wounding some thirty of them.

On Saturday morning, our forces moved forward cautiously, and on approaching Centerville, the rebels were reported to have been posted on the hillside southwest of that place. Gen. Lyon immediately formed his army for battle and gave the order to advance. As our column was approaching, a shower of shot and shell was directed against the Union pickets, and yesterday by the Quartermaster's battery opened fire on the rebels and they retreated in haste.

It is not known whether any of the enemy were killed on Saturday. We did lose a man, and took several prisoners. Our army camped for the night at Centerville, and on Sunday morning Gen. Lyon determined to retire to Springfield, as the most of the rebels are mounted, and they might flank him and take Springfield. The rebels, however, are said to have twenty thousand men under their command, and Ben. McCulloch four thousand, the latter well armed and effective troops.

Another Fight in Missouri—The Rebels again Defeated, with Several Killed and Wounded—The Union Men Gone in Pursuit—Another Fight or Another Foot Race Inevitable!

QUINCY, Aug. 7.—A band of rebels numbering two or twelve hundred, made an attack upon a camp of Union men at Athens, Mo., on Monday morning last, at 5 o'clock. There was a considerable amount of arms and ammunition stored at this place for the United States troops, under the guard of troops comprising this camp. The United States volunteers numbered 350 under command of Capt. Moore.

The fighting lasted about one hour, when the rebels retreated. Meantime Capt. Moore having been reinforced by about 150 men from Centerville, Iowa, on the opposite side of the river, gave chase after the rebels for about a mile and a half, killing one of their number, taking eighteen prisoners, capturing thirty-one horses and two section flags. Several rebels were wounded in the chase.

After the battle six or eight rebels were found dead on the field. In the afternoon a band of a rebel flag of truce being admitted, they carried off fourteen killed, as many more were wounded and missing. The rebels were led by Martin Green, brother of Senator Jim Green. Of the Union men, three were killed and eight wounded.

Athens is a small town in the extreme north-west of Missouri on the Des Moines River, twenty-five or thirty miles west of Keokuk. It is reported that the Union forces have been further reinforced by five or six hundred troops from Iowa, took up their line of march on Monday night in pursuit.

The rebels escaped eight miles from Athens, and a fight has not doubt taken place at that point, unless the rebels ran.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The 19th Indiana Regiment at Philadelphia—Humored Railroad Accident.

PHILADELPHIA, August 8.—The 19th Indiana regiment arrived here this morning.

The Philadelphia train here early this morning has not arrived. It is reported that some of the cars went off the track into the Schuylkill river, but the facts are not ascertained.

The Pirates of the Petrel.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7.—The following are the names of the officers of the pirate ship Petrel: Capt. Wm. Perry, and not Grimshaw as at first reported; Lieut. R. M. Harvey of North Carolina; Friso Master, August Permy, of France; and Jack, all the crew are Irishmen, who state that they were out of work. The St. Lawrence was slightly damaged.

A Painful Rumor not Credited.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 7.—The Washington Star reports that Gen. Lyon was killed in a later engagement than the one at Dog Springs. The report is hardly credible.

Night Dispatches.

Important from Washington.

REBEL TROOPS AT MANASSAS.

Scarcity of Water!!!

Blackbridge, Powell, and Burnett Disgraced!!!

WHAT CONGRESS APPROPRIATED

THE FORT.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—Intelligence has just been received from Manassas to the effect that the rebel troops at that point number over sixty thousand. There is great scarcity of water, supplies are drawn into camp, in hogheads, a distance of several miles.

The wife of John Hart, late Superintendent of Public Printing, left this city yesterday or two since to join her husband in Richmond. She has been engaged for some time past in transporting letters for the rebels.

Two more Wisconsin regiments, the 5th and 8th, have arrived here, accompanied by an artillery regiment from Pennsylvania.

It is rumored that Senators Blackbridge and Powell and Representative Burnett, of Ky., will resign their seats in Congress, as they are disgusted with the Union result of the election in Kentucky.

Signers from the data of the Committee of Ways and Means, that the total amount of the appropriations of the recent session of Congress is \$275,000,000. Of this \$197,000,000 was for the army, \$35,000,000 for the navy, and the remainder for various purposes.

Judge Lawrence, a long prominent member of the Board of Appeals in the U. S. Patent Office has resigned and connects himself with the business of W. F. F. & Co., an established Patent Agent at Washington.

It is understood that Col. Sickles will be appointed a Brigadier-General by the President.

Southern News via Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 8.—Congressman Ely is reported at Richmond, engaged in ditching. The Steamer Pontchartrain, owned at Louisville, has been seized by the rebels on the Tennessee river, with sixty hogheads of tobacco.

The Courier of this evening has reports of a riot at Dublin, Ballard county Ky., between unionists and secessionists. Two men named Sheriff and his business W. F. F. & Co., an established Patent Agent at Washington.

The Macon Telegraph suggests that the health of the volunteers would be promoted by a liberal allowance of corn and rice instead of bean ration and flour as ascertained to be from ten to fifteen miles distant.

Gen. Lyon with his force had fallen back on Springfield, having reached there on Monday morning, and was preparing for a vigorous defense.

It was generally remarked in Springfield, that Gen. Lyon was perfectly confident of success in case of an attack. He had no trenchments, but would rely upon his splendid artillery in the open field. Fifty wagons laden with provisions had reached him.

Gen. Lyon Not Dead.
ST. LOUIS, August 8.—Gen. Pope's military district has been extended so as to embrace two tiers of counties south of the Missouri River, including St. Louis, where he has established his headquarters.

The report of Gen. Lyon's death is untrue, he being in Springfield on Monday morning, later than which no advices could have reached here.

KIRBY'S

American Harvester!

CHEAPEST AND BEST

Reaper and Mower

PRICES—\$125 for Combination Machine, or 140 bushels Wheat, 1st day of Sept. 1861.

Wood's Mower

LIGHTEST AND BEST OF MOWERS

Warranted to be equal to any other. Price \$35. For sale by **S. WOLF & CO.**

WE HAVE OTHER

Reapers and Mowers!

That we will sell VERY CHEAP and on easy terms.

S. WOLF & CO.,
No. 114 and 116 Main Street.

HAT RAKES.

DOUBLE & THREE SHOVEL FLOWS

New York Democratic State Convention.

ALBANY, Aug. 8.—The Democratic State Central Committee met at the Delavan House, to-day.

A large number of prominent Democrats from all parts of the State were present.

The platform will be made so broad that all men willing to endorse it will be invited to participate in the Convention and in support of its candidates.

The Board of Directors of the N. Y. C. Railroad Company met this morning and declared a dividend of three per cent payable on the 20th day of August, at the usual place.

In the Convention to-day a response was made to the communication received from the Republican State Committee asking the Democratic State Committee to unite with them in holding a State Convention. After reviewing the present and past condition and principles of the Democratic party, the response says that it would be well at this time to hold the leading public offices, especially in the Federal Government, to which the conduct of public affairs belongs, with men whose policy of character and capacity for administration have been well known, and to command the confidence of the people, is more true, and it is also probable that if this example were set in the conduct of Federal affairs, it would be followed by the people on the selection of their State officers, but we would be loath to the party which we represent if we considered any proposition of union with former political opponents, except a union on the basis of principle.

The response concludes by saying we are therefore instructed by our committee to offer that in their call for the usual Democratic Convention they will invite all good citizens who are willing to co-operate with the Democrats to these ends, to come together at the primary meetings and unite in selecting representatives to such a convention to nominate candidates for the support of the electors of the State upon this platform of union and patriotism.

New York Republican State Convention.

ALBANY, Aug. 8.—The Sub Committee of the Republican Central Committee, met this p. m., after the meeting of the Democratic State Convention.

After agreeing on a call and statement, they say the foregoing call is issued, under circumstances which require explanation.

The Republican State Committee at their meeting of the 6th, feeling deeply sensible that the present disastrous situation of affairs in our country, demanded, for the time being, an entire obliteration of all party feeling and realizing the fact that they, as representatives of a powerful and dominant party in the State, could best afford to make the first advance, did, after mature deliberation, adopt the resolutions contained in the communication, of which a copy is given below.

On the assembling of the Democratic State Convention our communication was presented to them, to which communication the committee responded in a labored refusal to call a Convention as above requested and indicated a determination on their part to sacrifice to party the advancement of the State and nation, instead of yielding them a generous support, in this struggle for political office to restore and perpetuate the lawless policy so unrestrainedly indulged in during the late Administration of Buchanan, and to compel compromise with rebels in arms at once humiliating and dishonorable.

Under these circumstances we cordially invite persons, friendly to the maintenance of the government to unite with us in selecting a ticket for State officers, to be supported at the approaching election.

Latest from Gen. Lyon.
ROLLA, Mo., Aug. 8.—Mr. Burden, stage proprietor, from Springfield, Monday noon, furnishes the following items:

Gen. Lyon with his force had fallen back on Springfield, having reached there on Monday morning, and was preparing for a vigorous defense.

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No. 114 and 116 Main Street.

HAT RAKES.

DOUBLE & THREE SHOVEL FLOWS

GRAIN CRADLES

SORTERS & SNATHS

FORKS, &c., &c.

S. WOLF & CO.,
No. 114 and 116 Main Street, Terre-Haute.